## Better Nutrition, Better Outcomes



## Malnutrition is common and costly 1-3



10% people who require care from a **GP** are at risk



35% of people in nursing homes are at risk



Healthcare costs are x3 times higher in malnourished patients



Malnutrition leads to **greater** healthcare use. increased GP visits & prescription costs

## Did you know? Poor nutrition impacts on patient outcomes<sup>4</sup>



Increased risk of falls, infections and complications



Impaired immune response



Delayed wound healing and recovery from illness/surgery



Reduced muscle strength and frailty



Reduced quality of life

## WHAT **YOU** CAN DO?

Early identification of malnutrition and timely **intervention** can lead to positive outcomes for both patients and the wider healthcare system.



Ask your patients about:





Changes to appetite/intake or interest in food

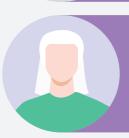
**Energy levels** and ability to complete every day tasks

Unintentional

clothing/jewellery,

ill-fitting dentures





GI symptoms, i.e. nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea and/or constipation

If you are concerned about your patient's nutrition, refer to a dietitian. Where dietetic services are unavailable, initiate early nutrition intervention as appropriate. For further information and support, scan the QR code below.



References: 1. Rice N, Normand C. The cost associated with disease-related malnutrition in Irela Public Health Nutr. 2012 Oct;15(10):1966-72. 2. Understanding Malnutrition | Irish Society for Clinical Nutrition & Metabolism [cited July 2022]. Available from: https://irspen.ie/malnutrition, understanding-malnutrition/ 3. Stratton RJ et al. Managing malnutrition to improve lives and save money. BAPEN, 2018. Available from: https://www.bapen.org.uk/resources-and-education/ publications-and-reports/malnutrition 4. Gandy 2019. Manual of Dietetic Practice 6th Ed. Wiley Blackwell on behalf of the BDA.

Scan here. For more information.









